SHE IS A LIVELY WITNESS.

W. H. PECKHAM HAS HIS HANDS FULL IN THE BATES CASE.

FOR FOUR HOURS HE CROSS-EXAMINES THE WOMAN WHO SAYS SHE IS THE WIFE

OF CHARLES F. BATES. An old experienced lawyer and a sharp, clever roman had a lively buttle in the Superior Court yesterday, and the woman won. It was in the trial of the suit for limited divorce brought by Annette who was joined to the plaintiff, according to her story, by a common law marriage, on July 16, 1890. Mrs. Bates, or Miss Annette P. McGrath, as Mr. Bates says she should be called, finished giving her direct testimony soon after the court opened at 10:30 a. m., and from that time until 8:30 p. m.. th only a short intermission, she was subjected a searching cross-examination by Wheeler H. se severity Isaac H. Maynard and other emies to law and order fully appreciate. He had diss McGrath in hand for fully four hours, and cannonade of questions was kept up incessnily.

tut the witness did not budge. She stood her round and answered sharply and decisively, reround and answered snarpy and decision deling insinuation with contempt and innuendo with sarcasm. Indeed, if anything, she was too good a witness, too "slick an article" to quote an expression from one of Mr. Bates's letters.

es was present and seemed to be having he best time of all in the courtroom. His lips uld purse up as if to say, "Whew!" whenever Miss McGrath said snything that did not agree with his recollection, and then he would chuckle and s his shoulders, motions which seemed to mean tate language, "What a whopper!" Several Mr. Bates had to place his hand over his uth to suppress an exclamation. At other times



THE PLAINTIFF.

he sat in quiet complacency, with his mouth slightly open and the corners raised. His figure is formed upon the generous lines which prevailed in the New Netherlands under the peaceful and portly reign of Wouter Van Twiller. Altogether he was a

THE COURTROOM CROWDED. The courtroom was filled long before the hour at which the court opened with men and women who enjoy those dramas of life in waich the court, the lawyers, the witnesses, the suit for divorce and all the other things are "real." Otto Horwitz, Miss

McGrath's lawyer, was early on hand. The plaintiff herself did not appear until the very it when the court opened, and she walked



MR. HORWITZ.

diately after Judge Freedman had taken his seat upon the bench. She wore a gray check tailor-made gown, which fitted closely around her hand-some figure, and her round, healthy face, full of inen collar and cuffs and a crimson tie.

Miss McGrath took up her testimony where she

ment, which took place in Mr. Bates's office last had taken an oath to his father not to live with or support her any more. He said that his father and his uncle Charles would surely disinherit him if he should acknowledge his marriage to her or live with her any longer, and that he couldn't take



WHEELER H. PECKHAM,

adopted the English style at Mr. Dates's request, as he considered it better form.
"I don't want to be taken literally on this point." remarked the winess at one time.
"You needn't worry, said Mr. Wheeler, savagely, "We won't take you literally upon anything." "Won't you!" retorted the witness. "Thank you very much."
Miss McGrath was called upon to explain how she came to be riding with Frank Ferguson at one



CHARLES F. BATES.

time. She said that he had driven down from the Open Air Horse Show with her, and that they were upset by a hackney cab. Both were injured, and she took Mr. Ferguson to a hospital. They were going to meet Mr. Hates for dinner. "Were you ever run away with before?" "Yes, several times. I had a flend of a gray mare, who pulled hard the nigh rein. She ran away with me twice."

The letters from Mr. Bates which had been put in evidence were brought out. Mr. Peckham called attention to the fact that the word "wife" was in different colored ink from the rest of one letter.

The witness called Mr. Peckham's attention to the fact that several parts of the letter were written in different cologed ink. "I suppose one kind of ink gave out," said she. She denied that she had written the word into the letter. "Are you living now in a flat," asked the lawyer.

"Yes,"

"Are you living now in a flat?" asked the lawyer.

"Yes."
"Why don't you return to your family?"
"I have a young sister, sixteen years old. I will
not return to my mother's home until I have wiped
away the disgrace under which I have lived by
proving my title of wife."
"Have you and your sister ever had any discussion on this point?" asked Mr. Peckham.
"You have gone far enough on this point," seld
Judge Freedman. "The witness need not answer."
Miss McGrath denied that she had ever threatened to "itx" Mr. Bates or had ever made any
threat against him.
Dr. John McGrath, brother of the witness, was
next called. He testified that Bates had acknowledged to him that he had married his sister, and
that he had signed the agreement which had been
produced in court.

DRYGOODS MEN HOPEFUL.

ENCOURAGED BY THE BIG COTTON SALE.

LOOKING FOR MORE WORK AT THE MILLS AND Register violate the law?"

The Consolidation act minutely describes the du-GREATER PROSPERITY.

After the sale is over, after the notes are signed the enthusiasm which prevailed in drygoods circles still exists. The exact amount realized at the Bliss, Fabyan & Co. sale of cottons on Wednesday, November 23, cannot be positively stated, though it will not be short of \$1,500,000. The anmusl product of the mills whose goods were sold is, when the times are nominal, about \$20,000,000. Hence the sale, though a large one, represented only about one month's product, and was about one-half as much as should be sold next month. And yet, under the existing circumstances, taking into account the fact that mills have been running on short time and short-handed and that some have been closed entirely, the offering was large. Cornelius N. Bliss, of Bliss, Fabyan & Co., says: "Last year, between November 10 and Christmas, more than twice as many goods were disposed of at regular sale as this auction lot represented, and at that time stocks were not so run down as they are now. Stocks are depleted all over the country, from the largest dealer down to the smallest con-sumer, and merchants had to stock up. They knew also," he added, "that the catalogue contained all the stock available, and that there was no dupli-

cate stock to draw from. "The sale," continued Mr. Bliss, "was in every particular satisfactory. We disposed of our goods at satisfactory prices, and the trade purchased at figures equally satisfactory to them. The mercantile world is no longer in a comatose state, as it has been for months-prices have been fixed; values settled. For the last six months we have circles, credits have suffered, values were uncer tain, and the result of yesterday's sale will have a highly beneficial effect."

As to the effect on the mills, Mr. Bliss added:

asked his opinion of the effect will be highly gratifying. The auction sale was one of the most successful in years, and, though no goods of ours were sold, the effect produced in the drygoods market helps us all. The terms were very favorable; there were no very large stocks on hand, and some of the mills have been closed so much of latithat many feared goods would be congratulated on the good effect produced by their sale."

Emil Kipper, who represents large cotton industries in Berkshire County, Massachusetts, said that yesterday was one of the busies: days they have had in months, and he attributed toe fact to the good feeling produced by the Bliss, Fabyan & Co. should be congratulated on the good feeling produced by the Bliss, Fabyan & Co. sale. "Buyers came here from all parts of the country," he remarked, "paid within 5 per cent of prices for their auction purchases, and that stimulated them to buy more and feel that they were running no risk. This sale was a benefit to the whole trade."

C. D. Moss, of Lawrence, Taylor & Co., sald that the drygoods sale was highly satisfactory, and had done the drygoods trade much good. "The prices paid," he said, "were more than good."

F. L. Stott of W. L. Strong & Co., remarked: "We are not in the cotton trade, and can do nothing toward starting our mils till we knew which way the Tariff cat will jump, but even in our line we feel the beneficial effect of the big cotton sale. The prices obtained were better than any one could expect, and most buyers jaid more for their stock than they had marked on their catalogues. Such a condition of safairs must make itself felt in all branches."

E. M. Townsend, of Townsend & Yale, large operators in cotton goods, was seen, and said: "Since July the stocks of the jobbers have been epicted; they have lived from hand to mouth, buying just as little as they could get along with. Mills have been shut down or have been running on half-time, and there was a depressed state in manufacturing in well as in selling circles. Prope had begun

The Board of Electrical Control, which met at Lee Phillips, secretary and chief examiner of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, requesting a list of the Board's employen. The request was refused, and Mayor Gilroy asserted that the Subway Commission's employes were not amenable to Civil Service rules, as the body is not supported by either the city or the State. Commissioner Storm said that a similar request from the State Civil Service Board has been likewise ignored. Mr. Phillip's request was referred to Corporation Counsel Clark, who gave an opinion on which the board vested its action.

The secretary reported that ninety-eight poles and forty-two miles of wire were removed during October. A large additional number of wires belonging to the Western Union and other companies were ordered down.

Agriculture reported that since October 1 thirty-two cases have been prosecuted against persons handling and selling oleomargarine contrary to the law of this State. Fines aggregating \$500 have been imposed; twenty-two cases

George A. Roeth, the drunden man who fited several shots into Delmonico's windows on Thursday of last week has been pronounced same by the Bellevue screens. He was resterday held in 61,000 by Justice Hogan, at Jefferson Market Court, for carrying concealed weapons and doing malicious mischief.

MR. CROKER'S MORTGAGE.

CORDED FOR MONTHS.

NOW IT IS ON THE BOOKS OF THE RESISTER IN PECCLIAR SHAPE-WHAT IS

SAID ABOUT IT. It was reported early last summer that Richard Croker had borrowed \$50,000 from a banking concern of this city and had given a mortgage to secure payment on his newly purchased property at No. 5 East Seventy-fourth-st. Reporters of several news-papers searched the records at the Register's office. in which the mortgage should have applied earefully examined at that time and inquiries were made of Register Levy and his subordinates. No evidence of such a mortgage then existed, and the Register and his clerks, whose duty it was to receive and record it, assured the reporters that to

their knowledge no instrument of that description had reached the Hall of Records.

It now appears that in spite of the absence of any record at that time, and notwithstanding the well-known class of citizens, it is understood in entals of the Register and his assistants, Mr. German circles, mean to have something to say Croker, on April 6 last, and three or four months previous to the inquiry alluded to, borrowed \$50.00 from the Farmers' Loen and Trust Company and gave a mortgage for that sum on the property mentioned. It is now recorded in liber 27, section 5, pages 57, 58 and 59, and was indorsed as having been filed for record on April 6, 1833, at 3.25 p. m. Over transfer which took place in New-York which did not appear on the transcripts made by the two press. Neither did it appear in "The Real Estate Record and Guide" or "The Law Journal," both of which make a specialty of real estate transac-tions. Furthermore, an examination of the Regews agencies which supply these transfers to the manipulations only explicable on the ground that the mortgage was not recorded for a long time after ver it, while the name of "Richard Croker" seems to have been omitted when the instrument was originally recorded or entered and to have been written in at a subsequent time and in a different

Croker's mortgage were a good deal commented upon yesterday in business and political circles, or was it an act of obsequious complaisance on the part of that official?" "Is so withholding the instrument from the public and preventing searchers from learning that it had been delivered did the

ties and powers of the Register, and carefully may be known to all who desire such information as soon as they are filed. Section 1.747 requires the Register to make an index of each book of registry of mortgages and encumbrances, and from day to day and from time to time, as the said mortgages and encumbrances shall be registered or entered, make an entry in this index and also in the general index of mortgages of the name or nomes of each and every mortgageor, debtor and owner and proprietor of land, mortgage, encumbrances and party named in such mortgage, encumbrances and party named in such mortgage, arranged alphabetically with proper references in the general index to the book of registry, and directs that all persons shall have free access for search at all reasonable hours in the daytime, section 1.72 makes it the duty of the Register to Indorse on every conveyance or deed which shall be left with and encumbrances shall be registered or entered,

makes it the duty of the Register to Indorse on every conveyance or deed which shall be left with him or in his office to be recorded, the day, month and year and the hour of the day when the same shall be so left for record, and the record shall bear date corresponding with the time mentioned in the note or memorandum.

Section 1.72 requires the Register to have separate books for deeds and for mortgager, and to provide general indices for them, so as to afford correct and easy reference to the several books of record in his office. In each book there shall be made double entries or two lists of names, in one shall be set the names of grantors or mortgagers, followed by the names of the grantees or mortgagers, and in the other the names of the grantees or mortgagers, followed by the names of the granters or mortgagers, followed by the names of the granters or mortgagers.

Lawvers hold that whenever a deed or mortgage with his consent, and they are not recorded in their later is amenable to the courts.

David McClure was seen yesterday and asked if it was by his request that the mortgage given by the Char of New-York had been kept off the mortgage liber for several mogdes.

"Not at all-not at all," answered Mr. McClure. "This is a very curious case one of the strangest things that ever came under my notice. If we had preferred to keep the mortgage off the records it would not have been necessary to ask Register Levy. We should have eithir delayed fling it. But there was no wish on the part of either Mr. Croker or the Lean and Trust Company to hide either the loan or the mortgage. Why the instrument was not recorded in due order of business at the Registrar's Onice-and I have no information personally on the subject to show that it was not so entered—I am sure I do not know. I never gave any instructions or made a request of anyone for delay. Why should 17 I am sure that there must be some mistake about it. How it occurred, or from what cause, is a mystery to the."

WOMAN'S HOSPITAL ANNIVERSARY. The 'thirty-eighth anniversary of the Woman's Hospital was celebrated yesterday afternoon in the hospital building, at Ferty-ninth-st, and Fourthtients cared for in the last year in the indoor department was 714, and in the outdoor department 3,572. The amount of money paid out by the hospital in the year was 58,554. The total receipts were 86,587. The hospital received in bequests in the year \$7,709, and the subscriptions from "The Century" fund subscribers amounted to \$1,500. Mr. Parsons said in his address that he thought the legacy from the Fayerweather estate would soon be paid to the hospital, as the litigation was in a fair way of being settled.

Mrs. Russell Sage, who is the second vice-president and chairman of the Women's Assistant Board, read the report of that board. Among other things she said that this "ploneer" hospital for women had its place in the Columbian Exposition in the shape of an album prepared by the chairman of the Columbian, in which were photographs of the buildings, cottages, wards and their inmates, with a brief history of the hospital.

Philadelphia, Nov. 23.-Although the General elected General Master Workman Fowderly, the administration faction this morning received a de-feat when John W. Hayes was re-elected general secretary-treasurer, and Charles Martin, of Teledo, was chosen general worthy foreman. Mr. Hayes's opponent was M. J. Bishop, of Boston, and Hugh Cavanaugh, of Cincianati, the present worthy fore-man, was a candidate for re-election. The vote in both cases was 2 to 1, and the result was a sur-orise.

ford, Penn, says that Marion Cessna, son of John Cessna, committed suicide in that city at 3 o'clock his afternoon by shooting himself through the heart. No additional details were received. A wife and one child survive him.

TO FIGHT TAMMANY MISRULE

IT WAS FOR \$50,000 AND WENT UNRE- GERMAN-AMERICANS BUSILY AT WORK.

THEY HAVE A POWERFUL ORGANIZATION AND THEY ARE DEEPLY IN FARNEST-INDE-PENDENT DEMOCRATS ORGANIZING.

The German-American Union, whose enrolled membership last year was placed at \$5,000. German Cleveland Democrats, has arranged to take a hand in the political activity agitating the anti-Tammany element since the election. This organizabut no trace of an entry bearing Mr. Croker's name was found on "tickler," index or liber. The records in which the mortgage should have appeared were carefully examined at that time and inquiries were made of Register Levy and his subordinates. No evidence of such a mortgage then existed, and the Register and his clerks, whose duty it was to redent, and his associates, Carl Schurz, Louis Wind-muller, Edward Grosse, Percival Knauth, Theodore Sutro, Carl Hauser, Charles F. Wiebusch and other prominent German Democrats, attended the meeting and made no secret of their purposes. This when the anti-Tammany organization comes to select its candidates, and to see to it that the ticket shall not be devoid of German names. It has been intimated that a well-known and popular citizen of German extraction may be presented as the choice of the German-American Union for Mayor. choice of the German-American Union for Mayor.
Among the promoters of the plan now under way
the name of Herman Ridder is often heard. His
long and intimate experience with public affairs in
connection with the business management of the
"Staats-Zeitung," and his reputation as a consistent opponent of Wigwam methods, added to
his familiarity with the needs of the municipality,
fit him, many think, for the place of standardbearer in the approaching contest. But Mr. Ridder
himself wholly disclaims any ambition of this kind.
One of Mr. Ottendorfer's co-laborers said vesterday, in speaking of the movement, that he did not
believe that the Germans desired any places on
the ticket, but that they were organizing solely
for the purpose of securing good municipal goverument.

the ticket, but that they were organizing solely for the purpose of securing good municipal government.

"We propose to gather together," he said, "all German-American citizens, Democrats and Republicans, whom we can influence, and throw our strength into the next election on the side of good city government. It is no secret that we consider that side the side opposed to Tammany Hall, and in view of the success of such combinations in the last election we expect that all anti-Tammany political organizations will be united against Tammany next year.

"Our plan of organization is based on the election district as a unit. We hope to have an exceutive committee of about seven Germans in every election district of the city. This force of 8,650 active workers will enroll the Germans who desire to join the movement, and we hope to get a membership of 75,600. We are not organized for the Eallor law remains as it is at present we may have a bailot in the booths."

Mr. Schurz, Mr. Ottendorfer and Mr. Van Briesen were appointed at a subsequent meeting, at which a formal announcement may be made that the Germans are ready to attack the Wigwam, Ernest Harvier, chalman of the Committee of Ten appointed by the independent Democrats, who met at the Union Square Hotel on Tuesday evening, has given notice that the committee will meet to arrange for the Cooper Union mass-meeting at the office of Civil Justice William G. McCrea, No. Buthers of the Couper Union mass-meeting at the office of Civil Justice William G. McCrea, No. Buthers of the Couper Union mass-meeting at the office of Civil Justice William G. McCrea, No. Buthers of the Couper Union mass-meeting at the office of Civil Justice William G. McCrea, No. Buthers of the Couper Union mass-meeting at the office of Civil Justice William G. McCrea, No. Buthers of the Couper Union mass-meeting at the office of Civil Justice William G. McCrea, No.

A POLICE OFFICIAL REBUKED.

that he had done nothing to hasten the serving of the 125 warrants for illegal registration, which were issued by Judge King on the evening before election, and only a few of which have been served. This admission aroused the wrath of Judge King, al-though he used to be a Shechan Democrat himself. "I want to know what guarantee I or the public have that when I issue a warrant it is going to be served immediately, if that warrant is against a men who is a friend of the Police Commissioners, especially Jimmy' Ryan?"

The Judge paused a moment. Mr. Chambers shifted uneasily in his chair, but said nothing.

'The for public justice,' continued Judge King.
'The not willing that a man like Jimmy' Ryan or his lackey 'dus' Scheu shall control the service of warrants by the police force. I want to know what guarantee the people have that warrants are going to be served. How do you answer that, Mr. Chambers." "I turn the warrants over to the captains," re-

"I turn the warrants over to the captains," reburned Mr. Chambers.
"That's no answer," replied the Judge quickly
"You are the head of the Police Department. If
you are not going to do your duty lil impeach you;
I give you fair warning. There's too much of this
kind of business going on I won't stand it.
Public interest demands that the police should do
their duty. I want a guarantee that warrants will
be eserved without the interference of 'Jimmy'
Ryan, 'Gus' Scheu and 'Billy' Sheehan. It's time
that we had some law or the people will take it in
their own hands."

WANT THE DUTY KEPT ON IRON ORE. Duluth, Minn., Nov. 21.-A non-partisan meeting called at the instance of the Lake Carriers' Association and representatives of the vessel and iron

WILL NOT PURSUE A "SPOILS" POLICY. Amsterdam, N. Y., Nov. 23.-State Treasurer-elect Colvin to-day denied the statement that he has directly or indirectly informed the attaches of the Treasury Department that their services will be dispensed with January I. He says that he proposes to go slow in regard to making changes, and above all things will endeavor to see to it that incompetent men are not placed in the office by political influence.

Charles A. Otr formally amiounces his candidacy for Clerk of the next Assembly. The five Republican Assemblymen from this county have decided to support him. He is the only candidate in Western New-York. Mr. Orr was a member of Assembly in 187. He is a Grand Army veteran, and was appointed Pension Commissioner for this district by President Harrison.

HUGH SLEVIN AND THE GRAND JURY.

The Society for the Prevention of Crime, through the Rev. Dr. C. H. Parkhurst, T. D. Kenneson and Frank Moss, has sent to the Commissioners for Selecting Grand Jurors, a communication urging that High Sievin be removed from the Grand July.

The commission consists of Mayor Gilroy, Chief Judge Van Brunt, of the Supreme Court; Chief Judge Sedgwick, of the Suprior Court; Chief Judge Daly, of the Court of Common Pleas, and Recorder

Judge Martine said yesterday afternoon that he had not received the communication. He did not had not received the communication. He did not know what could be done about it now, as the commission had finished its work for a year, and would not meet again until next September. Slevin could not serve as a grand juror again until next October, and might never be called on to do so again.

Orono, Me., Nov. 21.-The whole sophomore class appliest the action of the faculty in suspending two of the members of the class, and the conece is minus one class. Several reports have been made to the faculty of the names of sephomores who have been doing some hazing, and the classmen discovered that the informant was a certain freshman, whom they subsequently ducked in the river. The victua recognized two of his formentors, reported their names to the faculty, and they were suspended. The other members of the sophomore class have refused to attend recitations unless their classmates are reinstated.

It's Education simply a matter of education—the use of Pearline for washing and cleaning. The bright women, those who learn quickly, are using it now. The brighter the woman, the larger her use of it-the more good uses she Dull women, those who never use new drummed it into them-they'll use it presently.

It's just a question of sooner or later, with every woman who wants the best. Send Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you it Back something in place of Pearline, do the honest thing—send it back 1AMES PYLE, New York.

finds to which she can put Pearline.

things until their bright sisters have

NEW MEN IMPLICATED.

THE GRAND JURY AND THE MADISON SQUARE BANK CASES.

SEVERAL PERSONS WILL BE INDICTED WHO WERE NOT ARRESTED WITH THE

The foreman of the Grand Jury will hand up to Recorder Smyth this afternoon a number of indictments against men concerned in the wrecking of the Madison Square Bank. There will be various charges, including perjury, receiving deposits after insolvency and complicity in fraudulent bankruptcy. It is positively known that men whose names have

guarantee that he would not have to pay the money Assistant District-Attorney Vernen M. Davis said that the cases against the directors would be

Mr. Nicoll will lay before the Grand Jury on Mon-Mr. Nicoll will lay before the Grand Jury on Monday information about the efforts of certain people to induce the directors of the bank to make a settlement through threats of criminal prosecution. He said he would subpoena Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the receivers, to tell the Grand Jury all he knows on this subject. Mr. Untermyer denies that he is guilty of the charge made by Mr. Nicoli.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Supreme Court—General Term—Recess continued.
Supreme Court—General Term—Recess continued.
Supreme Court—Chambers—Sector. Beaca, J.—Motion tai hat called at It o'clean.
Supreme Court—Special Term—Port I—Before Barsett, J.—Eccaded railway cases.
Supreme Court—Special Term—Part II—Before Barsett, J.—Eccaded railway cases.
Supreme Court—Special Term—Part II—Before Barsett, J.—Special Court—Part III—Before Patterson, J.—Short Cleant Court—Part III—Before Patterson, J.—Short Cleant Court—Part III—Before Indian Supremental Court—Part II—Before Lawrence, J.—Cases from Part III.
Circuit Court—Part II—Before Lawrence, J.—Cases from Part III.
Circuit Court—Part II—Before Lawrence, J.—Cases from Part III.
Circuit Court—Part II—Before Truex, J.—Cases from Part III.
Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Refore Ransom, S.—Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Refore Patterson, S.—Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Refore Ransom, S.—Surrogat Supreme Court-General Term-Recess continued, Motions, Common Picas-Trial Term-Part I-Before Glenerich, J., Short causes: Nos. 1918, 1882, 4037, 6201, 2202, 2213, 2157, 2212 (1988), Trial Term-Parts II and III-Ad-137, 2212 Pleas-Trial Term-Parts II and III-Ad-journed for the term. Superior Court-Trial Term-Part I-Before Sedgwick, J.-Adjourned for the term.

I-Adjourned for the term.
Superior Court-Trist Term-Part II-Refore Gilder-leve, J.-Nos. 1125, 1749.
Superior Court-Trist Term-Part III-Refore Degro, J.-Short courtes: Nos. 1839, 1850, 19.2, 1881.
City Court-Special Term-Refore Filtzimons, J.-Moty Court Tr.al Term Part I Adjourned for the term. City Court—Free Term—Part I I—Morared for the term, Nov. 510, S61, 488, 487, 912, 909, 910, 911, 1923, 514, 622, 775, 861, 488, 487, 912, 909, 910, 911, 1923, 514, 621, 775, 911, 1435, 531, 811, 1435, 531, 811, 1435, 531, 811, 1435, 831, 811, 1435, 831, 811, 1435, 8115,

COLUMBIA'S SPEED OFFICIALLY FIXED. IT IS DECIDED TO BE 22.8 KNOTS, ASSURING A

PREMIUM OF \$250,000.

\$350,000, the finest and fastest cruiser affoat.

Work on the Columbia will now be pushed as fast as possible, and it is the hope of her officers that she will be able to go in commission soon after February 1.

THE MARBLEHEAD READY FOR TRIAL. Washington, Nov. 23.-The Quintard Iron Works builders of the cruiser Marblehend, have informed builders of the cruiter Marsiehead, have informed the Navy Department that the vessel is complete and ready for trial. Accordingly Admiral Belknap, president of the trial board, has been instructed to conduct the trial trip of the vessel, which will take place next Wednesday over a four-hour course to the Department there is little doubt that she will easily comply with the requirements of the contract in the matter of speed.

Twenty-second-st, yesterday afternoon, with President Richard Watson Gider presiding. The hall was well filled with representative men and women, who showed deep interest in the proceedings. The president's address and the reports of Miss Angeline Brooks, chairman of the Committee on Kinder, gartens; Mrs. Kate D. Davis, superintendent, and Professor Jasper T. Goodwin, treasurer, showed good progress during the year and a sound financial condition. The association started with only two kindergartens four years ago, and now has four the Tombs Police Court. Justice Martin, however, said he would discharge him this morning unless there were some definite proof that the charge was there were some definite proof that the charge was there were some definite proof that the charge was the court of the Liverpool and Sound African Steamship Company in the Cotton Exkindergartens four years ago, and now has fourteen, in which there are 659 children. There have
been three new kindergartens established since the
inst annual meeting. Kindergarten No. 12 was
organized under the auspices of the Riverside Association, Harvey E. Fitke, president, which provided it with suitably equipped rhoms at No. 359
West Sixty-math-st., and unil 558 per year, on
condition that the Kindergarten Association should
provide a second teacher as soon as its funds would
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be children. No. 13 was established at No. 32 West
Eleventh-st. with one teacher and twenty-five
children. No. 14 was one of the Soos could be
clake a coiony of the subscribers, and intended
to go wi

The annulment of the engagement of Martin J. Keogh and Miss Kate Emmet, both well known in New-Rochelle, was said yesterday to be due solely to religious differences. Richard Emmet, a brother of Miss Emmet, is employed in Mr. Keogh's law Denver, Col., Nov. 2:—Milton M. Delano, Mayor of Denver in 1803, is dying in destitute circumstances in New-York, according to a letter received by Mayor Van Horn, requesting assistance from his numerous friends here. Delano was an Alderman here for a number of years. Under Grant he was appointed Minister to China. Financial reverses caused the distress that now confronts the family.

Minton M. Delano's name does not appear in the City Directory, and his address is not known at The Tribune office.

Of Miss Emmet, is employed in Mr. Keogh's law office. He told a Tribune reporter yesterday that the only cause of the breaking off of the match was the only cause of the breaking off of the match was the only cause of the breaking off of the match was the only cause of the breaking off of the match the only cause of the breaking off of the match was the only cause of the breaking off of the match the only cause of the breaking off of the match was that his sister would not consent to the stipulation in the special dispensation of the Catholic Church that would enable her to wed Mr. Keogh appropriate the only cause of the breaking off of the match the only cause of the breaking off of the match the only cause of the breaking off of the match the only cause of the breaking off of the match the only cause of the breaking off of the match the only cause of the breaking off of the match the only cause of the breaking off the breaking of the breaking of the breaking off th

house. Miss Emmet is about twenty-two years old, while Mr. Keogh is said to be almost twice her age. The welding was fixed for December 22.

SPOKANE IN A TURMOIL.

MILITIA HELD IN READINESS TO QUELL A RIOT

-TROUBLE OVER CITY WATERWORKS. Spokane, Wash., Nov. 23.-Extra police were sworn in last night to be ready to be called to sworn in last night to be ready to be called to duty at any moment. A large crowd of laboring men were parading the streets, and angry threats were heard on every corner. The crowd threatened to blow up several large buildings, including "The Morning Review" Building. The leaders say that several prominent residents will be tarred and feathered and ridden out of town on rails, and the lives of a number have been threatened. Late in the evening word was sent out, and the militia was

It is positively known that men whose halmes have the evening have been mentioned in connection with these criminal proceedings will be indicted. They are said to have had nothing to do with the bank for some time previous to its closing its doors. At the same time it is likely that some of the nine directors who were arrested on warrants secured by the District-Attorney will escape further prosecution.

The Grand Jury got to work at 10 a. m. yesterday, an hour earlier than usual, and it made rapid progress. The witnesses before it were Lewis Thompson, cashier of the bank; a clerk from the County Clerk's office, who brought the records of the incorporation of the bank; George H. C. Morton, discount clerk at the bank; George H. C. Morton, discount clerk at the bank; W. R. Thompson, a clerk for A. L. Soulard, one of the directors; Leopold Michel and Robert McCill, a notary. W. R. Thompson and Michel signed notes on which President Blaut obtained money from the bank. Thompson's note was for \$26,605, and Blaut gave him a written

THE ANHEUSER-BUSCH AWARD.

A TOTAL HIGHER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER

desperate efforts to get the highest award away from the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, but from the Anneuser-Busgn Brewing Association, due they hold the score based upon Government Chem-ist Wiley's analysis, as officially announced Octo-her 25, with the following cores: Anheuser-Busch's Faust 37, Munchener 38, Budwelser 36; Pabst's standard, 37, Hof-Brau, 36, Bohemian, 94-total, 257, Anheuser-Busch's total is 250, the highest score of all competing brewers of America and Europe.

see their money again, as they have, at Swift's suggestions, invested in such stocks in sums ranging from \$1,000 to \$10,000. Mir. Swift is a backelor, and all his furniture and other property has been seized to satisfy judgments filed against him since his disappearance. He has been gone nearly a month. The last seen of him was at Baltimore. He seemed to have plenty of money. The Surrogate made a decree directing that the box of Thomas J. Swift, in the safe-déposit vault of the Merchants Bank, be broken open in the presence of the executors and Sheriff of Dutchess County, and certain stocks in question, if found therein, be delivered to the estate of John M. Swift, father of Thomas. The testimony taken in the proceeding before the Surrogate showed that Thomas J. Swift was indebted to Allen H. Hoffman and various others for thousands of dollars, and had absconded, and was thought to be in some foreign council. ed, and was thought to be in some foreign country, Later the box in the bank was opened a directed. There were about 1,400 shares of the Paimer Torpedo Signal Company in it, which were transferred to Thomas J. Swift by James H. Swift before the latter's death. The stock when purchased was worth \$100 a share. Now it is believed to be valueless. Thomas J. Swift, the night before he disappeared, drove out to Mr. Oakleigh Thorn's place. Thorndale, at Millbrook, before midnight, and arranged to appear in court the next morning to settle a claim of \$5.0% or \$10,000 Mr. Thorn had against him. Instead of doing so, however, he ordered a cab early the next morning which took him to the 6.20 a. m. train bound south, and he has not been heard from since. It is believed he is in Europe.

POLICE SAY THERE ARE FEW LURGLARIES.

Police Superintendent Byrnes said yesterday that there had been few burglaries in the city lately like those at the houses of the Rev. Dr. C. B. Russell, No. 200 West Eighty-second-st., and of Frederick Lubin, No. 239 East Eighteenth-st., told the trial board of the cruiser Columbia has figured out the official speed to be 22.8 knots, and that the premium of \$150,000 was assured. This is the largest premium ever earned, but the United States Navy possesses, by a far greater margin than the flower the flower and for the flower and for the flower and for the flower than the ning of the business depression than before so many persons were thrown out of employment. In-spector McAvoy said that he had heard of only a few burgiaries in the Second Inspection District

> early 2,000,000 inhabitants," he continued, "but of nearly 2,600,000 inhabitants." he continued, "but of late there have been comparatively few robberies, and those have been petty affairs. The police have not been informed of any burrelaries in the district wast of Central Park in several weeks."
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> "Considering the number of men without employment in the city and the distress which loss of work causes, I am surprised at the small number of tacts reported to the police of late," said inspector Williams. "In the First Inspection District, which takes in the great East Slote, where there is much destitution on account of the bad times, there have been no robberies worth mentioning."
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> Inspector Conlin said that in Harlem and in the district north of the Harlem Bliver the police had heard of no burglaries of importance, and there had been comparatively little stealing of any kind within six months.

> AN AGENT FOR LIBERIAN COLONISTS ARRESTED. Upon a telegram from the Chief of Police of At-lants, Ga., detectives of the Central Office yesurer of the National Eruigration and Steamship Company, on a charge of swindling. The arrest

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